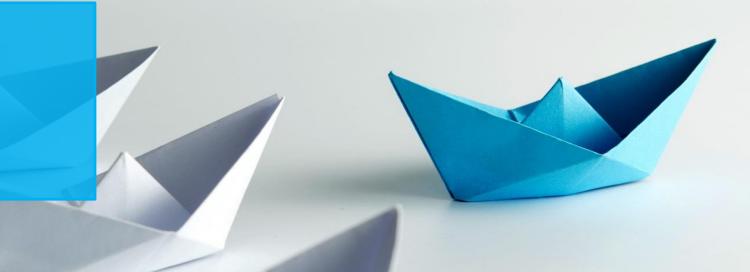


European IP Helpdesk

Stay ahead of the innovation game.

IP and Artifical Intelligence Advanced Webinar + Update





European IP Helpdesk

- Service initiative of the European Commission
- Addressing current and potential beneficiaries of EUfunded projects, researchers and EU SMEs
- Free-of-charge first-line support on intellectual property (IP)
- Hands-on IP and innovation management support
- International pool of IP experts from various thematic fields
- Unique cooperation scheme with the Enterprise Europe Network: 44 ambassadors from 27 EU countries





confidential treatment of individual IP questions





Website

frequent updates from the world of IP and innovation



practical IP knowledge through high-level publications



Events

info point at key networking events and conferences



The EC IP Helpdesks





EC IP (SME) Helpdesk Hub – Gateway to Information













- E-learning modules & more
- Guides / Topic, country, sector-specific factsheets / Infographics
- Case studies



Upcoming Webinars

Europa - Upcoming events

06 DEC 2023

Training and workshops

EU - Webinar: IP and Artificial Intelligence -Advanced

Live streaming available

07 DEC

Training and workshops

Plant Variety

2023



Training and workshops

EU - Webinar: Addressing IP impact and innovation in EU projects



Training and workshops

EU - Webinar: Maximizing the Impact of Horizon project (2020/HEU) results

Live streaming available



Training and workshops

EU - Webinar & Horizon Results Platform: Thinking international - International **business Opportunities**



Ambassador Scheme

- Cooperation scheme with the Enterprise Europe Network (EEN): 44 ambassadors – 27 countries
- Building IP capacities among European SMEs
- Overcoming language barriers
- Making the topic more accessible
- Exchange and feedback from ambassadors on needs of SMEs
- Local awareness and training events





- www.ec.europa.eu/ip-helpdesk
- <u>helpline@iprhelpdesk.eu</u>
- training@iprhelpdesk.eu
- Twitter @iprhelpdesk
- LinkedIn /european-ipr-helpdesk







Robert Harrison

Patent and Trade Mark Attorney
Munich/Paris/Vienna/Zürich/London



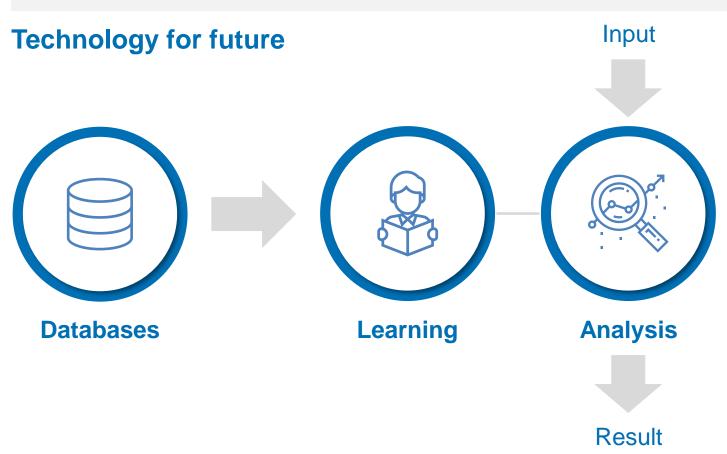
About me

- BA Physics, Oxford University
- MSc Physics, Sheffield University
- PhD Semiconductors Sheffield University
- EPO Examiner the Hague
- IBM Germany Patent Engineer
- W.L.Gore & Associates European IP Counsel
- Founding Partner, Sonnenberg Harrison
- Advisory Board Member
- IP Strategy



Artificial Intelligence

What do we mean?

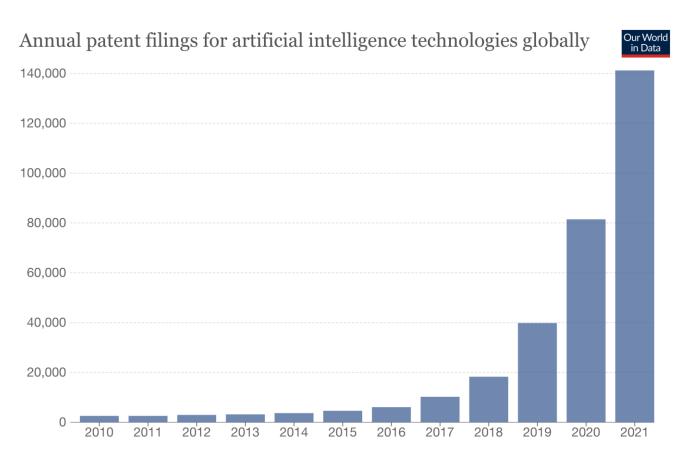




Picture source: Istock.com



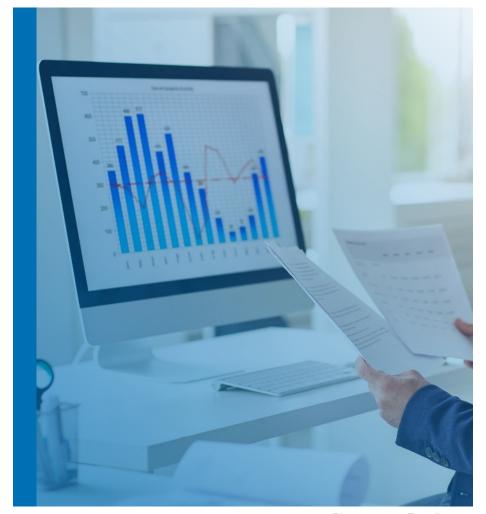
Increase in Patent Applications



Source: Center for Security and Emerging Technology via Al Index Report (2022)

OurWorldInData.org/artificial-intelligence • CC BY

Note: Based on a search of relevant codes and keywords in the Cooperative Patent Classification and International Patent Classification systems.



Picture source: Freepik.com



IP and Artificial Intelligence





Data ownership



Trade Secrets



Copyright



Patents

Picture source: Pixabay.com



European Parliament Resolution 20 October 2020

- Importance of IPR Protection
- Economic incentives
- Emphasizes need for technical innovation
- Comprehensive description and notes that this may be a challenge
- No legal personality to Al creations

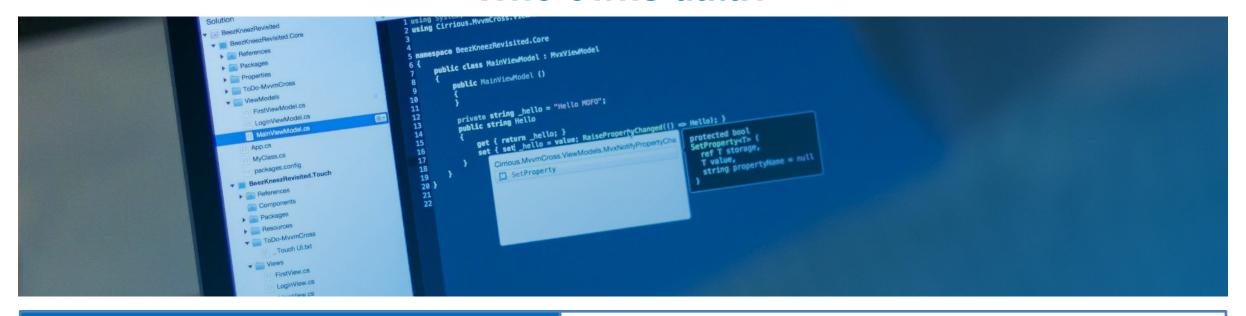




Data Rights and Ownership



Who owns data?





Can we really talk about "ownership"?

Different countries have different legal concepts

Various EU acts will regulate governance of data -> principles of open data.

Contractual relationships most important.



Copyright



Copyright Ownership





Level of Creativity Required for Copyright Protection



Data per se will not have this level

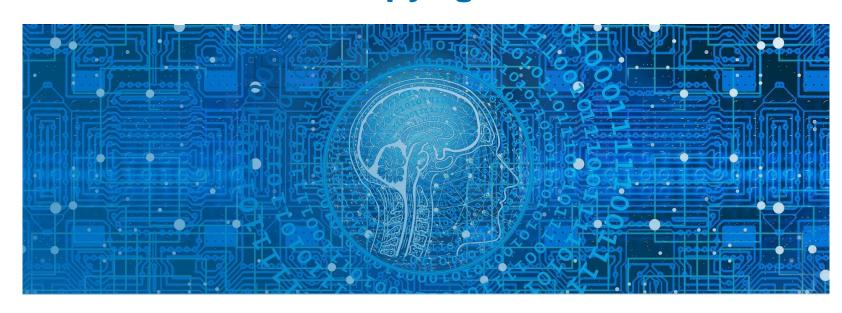
Compilations of data may enjoy copyright protection



Software is protected – under Berne Convention



Copyright of Generated Works





US: Author of copyright cannot be a computer



UK: Copyright Patent and Design Act 1988

- Computer- generated works
- Owned by Person who made "Arrangements"
- Only one court decision



Europe / Japan Dialogue

- Is copyright possible?
- Who owns the product?

Infringement

Use of Images and Text -> Fair Use?

EU Coypright in Single Market Directive:

Art 3: Text and Data Mining allowed by research organisation and cultural institutions for research

Art 4: Text and Data Mining allowed -> but rightsholders can "opt-out"





Database Rights (Europe)







Protects collation of data



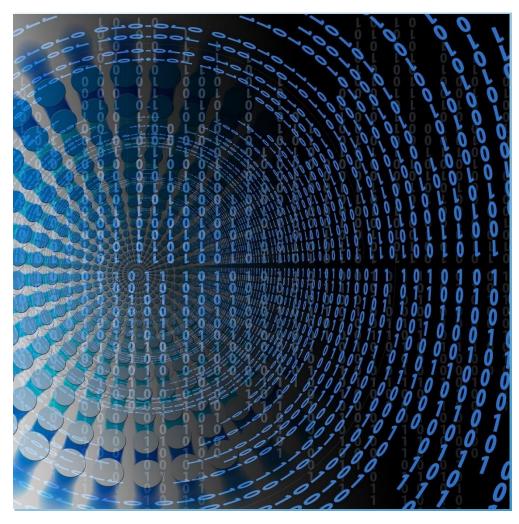
Significant Investment



Not individual data items



Database Rights for Al





European Commission has recognized issue



Data Governance Act will remove protection for device-generated data



Databases are valuable assets for Digital Economy



Principles of Open Data apply to data generated by public authorities



Trade Secrets



Rise of Trade Secrets

IBM Director of Research (Darío Gill):

"balancing trade secrets and patents alongside a style of R&D called open innovation"

From Fortune "Why IBM is no longer interested in breaking patent records", Darío Gill, 6 January 2023.

Source: https://fortune-com.cdn.ampproject.org/c/s/fortune.com/2023/01/06/ibm-patent-record-how-to-measure-innovation-open-source-quantum-computing-tech/amp/

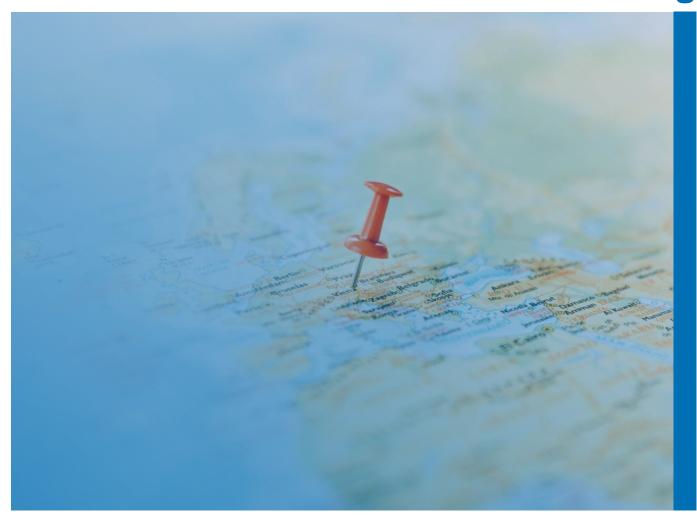




Patent Rights



National Rights







Different countries treat Al differently



Al is often seen as software-based



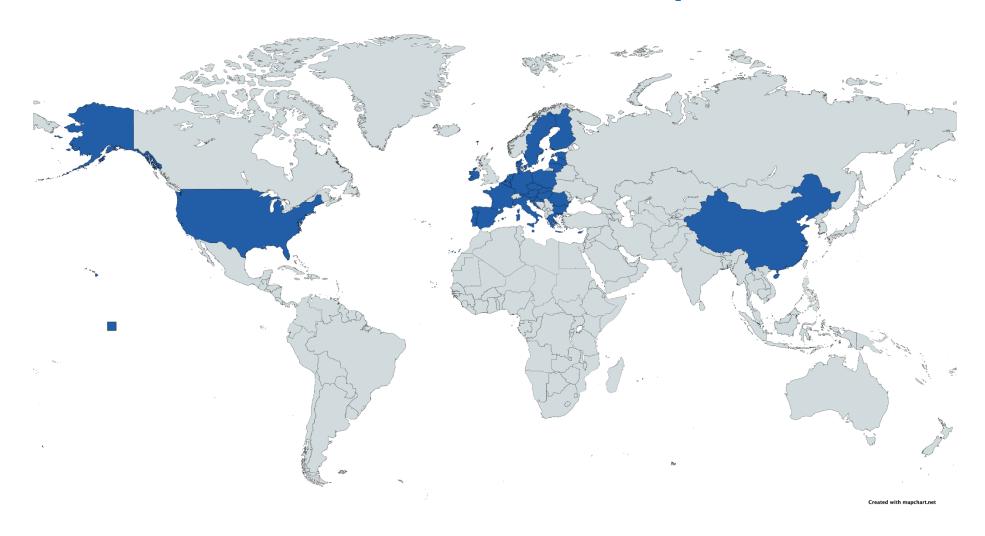
US – rejects "abstract idea" §101 rejections



EU – "software excluded form patents per se"
Guidelines emphasise that AI is to be treated as mathematical method

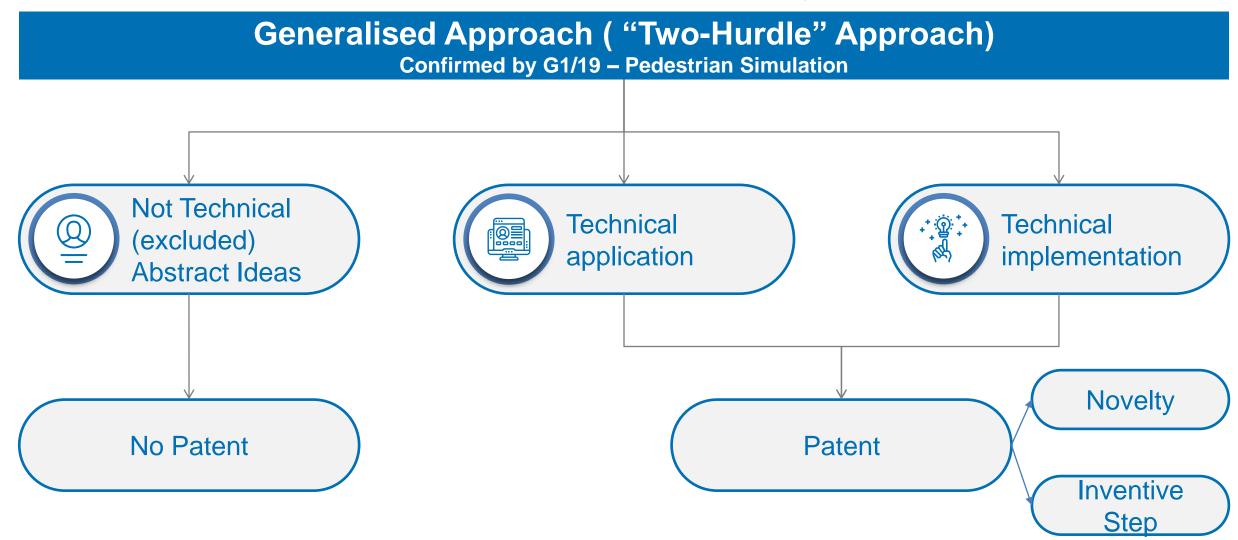


Focus on US and Europe





EPO Test for Patentability





Overcoming non-technical / abstract objection



Language of claims is relevant





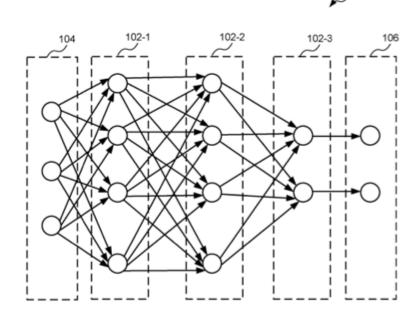
Computer-Implemented Method



Emphasizing interaction with hardware elements



Excluded from Patentability?

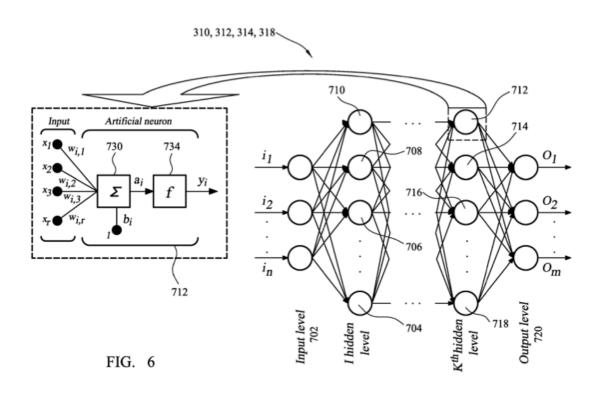


- UK Patent Application GB 2574372 (Decision BL O/296/21)
- Implementing Traditional Computer Vision Algorithms As Neural Networks
- Claim: A method of implementing processing images in accordance with a traditional computer vision algorithm as a neural network, the method comprising: ... mapping traditional computer vision algorithm operations to ... neural network primitives.."
- Patentable as technical contribution -> processing images more efficiently (silicon area + processing power)
- EPO objected on clarity grounds + lack of inventive step



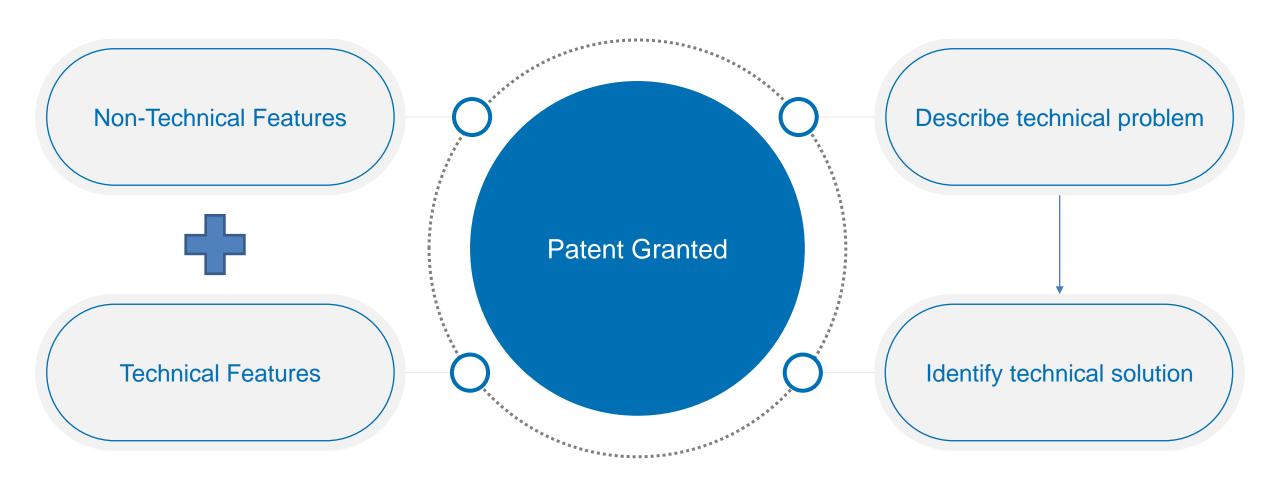
[2023] EWHC 2948 (Ch) Perception Al

- <u>GB2583455</u> Method of Training Neural Network ..and finding associated content.
- Claims a method and system of providing semantically relevant file recommendations
- Al System is not a program for a computer
- Trained ANN can be regarded as having a technical effect





Inventive Step





Modified EPO Approach – G1/19



Exclusions

Feature contribute to technical character?

Inventive step



Application to Artificial Intelligence

How do we apply the principles of G1/19 "Pedestrian Sinulatio / Bentley" to AI?



Algorithms do not necessarily contribute to technical character of invention







Algorithm contributes to technical solution



US PTO Test for Patentability

Statuory Subject Matter

- Process
- Machine
- Manufacture
- Composition of Matter

Judicial Exemptions

- Law of Nature
- Natural Phenomenon
- Abstract Ideas

- Organising Human Activity
- Economic Practices
- Standalone Ideas
- Mathematical Relationships

Additional Elements

- Improve technology
- Improve functioning of computer
- Application of idea
- Transformation or reduction of article



Technical Application

First Case – Technical Application of a mathematical model



Use in monitoring equipment, such as a heart monitoring device for identifying irregular heartbeats;



Digital audio, image or video enhancement or analysis, e.g. classifying, de-noising, detecting persons in a digital image, estimating the quality of a transmitted digital audio signal;



Providing a medical diagnosis by an automated system processing physiological measurement.



Separation of sources in speech signals; speech recognition, e.g. mapping a speech input to a text output; or

Controlling a specific technical system or process, e.g. an X-ray apparatus or a steel cooling process;

This technical purpose must be specific



Technical Implementation

Second Case - Technical Implementation of a mathematical model



Mathematical method is particularly adapted for that implementation.





Data collection



Interaction between hardware elements to collect the data



Patentability of Some Al Technologies





Core Al

Fundamental building blocks of AI and machine learning, as opposed to the applications of AI

Difficult to file patent applications on innovations in this "Core Al". EPO considers it not to be "technical".

Overcome by specifying in detail



Implementation of the system

Working of System in new ways



New physical combination of hardware

Application of algorithm to technical operation



Picture source: Pixabay.com



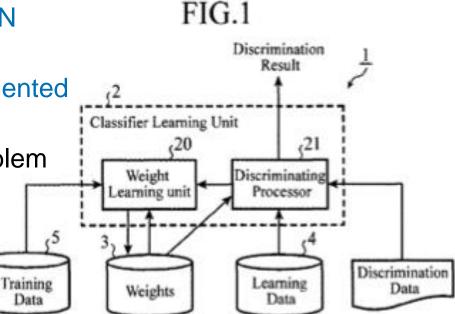
EPO T072/20: Neural network does not solve a technical problem

 <u>EP3089081A1</u> HIERARCHICAL NEURAL NETWORK DEVICE, LEARNING METHOD FOR DETERMINATION DEVICE, AND DETERMINATION METHOD

 Claims a hierarchical neural network apparatus implemented on a computer comprising....

Subject matter of claim did not solve any technical problem

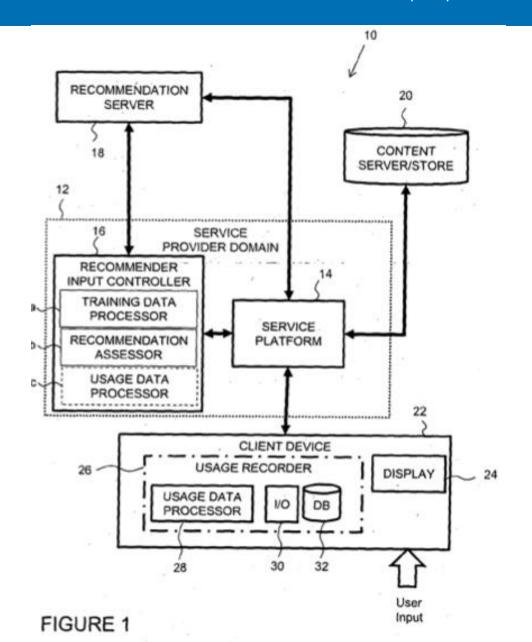
Had effects "within the computer"





EPO T0183/20 : Minimisation of Network Bandwidth and Storage of Training Data

- <u>EP2634707</u> Recommender Control System Apparatus, Method and Related Aspects
- Claims a method for automatically controlling performance of a recommender system
- Technical problem solved is to reduce the use of network bandwidth and amount of storage in a communications system, including a client device and a recommender system in communication with the client device.





Developing an Al-focussed patent strategy

- Identify Customers and Competitors
- Can the "Infringement" be carried out by a single actor
- Focus on how infringement may take place



Patent Strategy = Business Strategy I

Devices using AI to make decisions

Decisions

Model Training

Products manufactured using Al

Model Training

Product
highlighting Al
generated features





Patent Strategy = Business Strategy II

Generation of training data

Management of training data

Model Training



Claiming Al-Related Inventions

Al-related inventions may have three potentially patentable, aspects



Generating training data for use in training a model, such as an artificial neural network;



Training the model using the training data (machine learning); and



Using the trained model to analyze new data

Each of these aspects should have separate independent claims

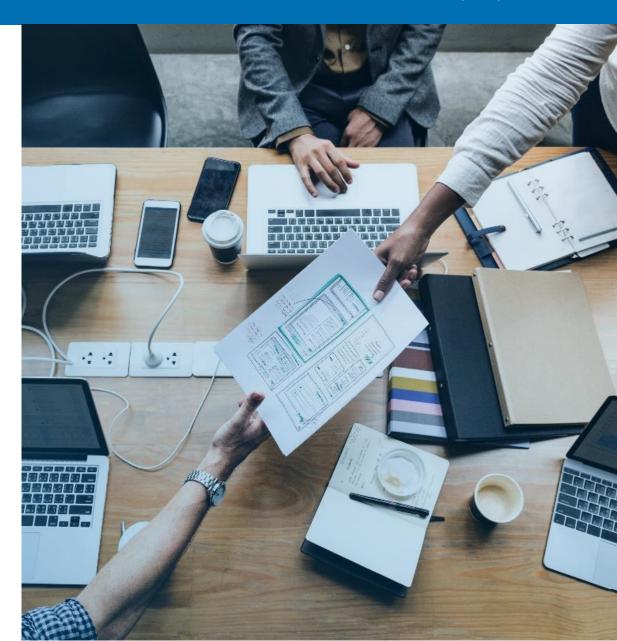


Picture source: Istock.com



Drafting Claims

- Method Claims
 without structural elements
 protection under Art 64(2) EPC
- 2. Device Claims
- 3. Computer Program Product
 capture stand-alone product
 database storing elements of data
 database for/configured to store elements
 of data
- 4. Separate claims for training and use of Al systems
- 5. Claims to each independent entity
 Web server + client





Inventive Step





Not "could" the skilled person arrive at the invention but "would" they do so?



- Large number of parameters
- Non-convexity
- Human selection of training parameters

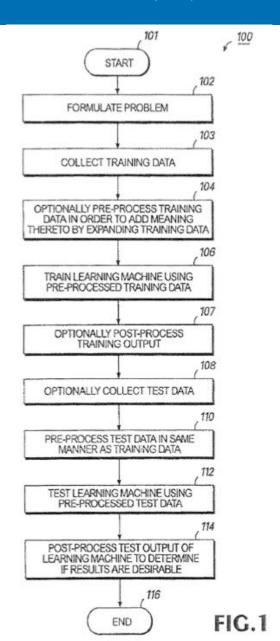


Problem-Solution approach is required Solution must be in the technical sphere



Could a skilled person combine Al aspects to arrive at any given Al invention

- US 7,542,959
- Feature selection method using support vector machine classifier
- Claim was to a computer-implemented method for predicting patterns in biological data...comprising
- Three Prior Art documents
- Lack of Motivation to combine teachings ("could" but not "would")
- Extensive disclosure on how data was acquired and processed





Disclosure / Enablement





Comprehensive Disclosure Mere reference to an AI network is not sufficient (T0161/18)



- Disclosure of Training Set of Input Data
- Disclosure of Training Method
- Add structural elements
- Explain functional elements in hardware terms
- Human selection of training parameters

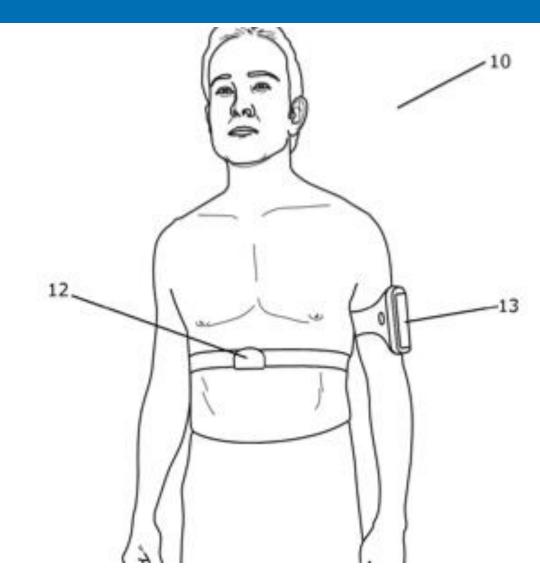


But is the invention really reproducible?



EPO: Lack of Disclosure T1079/17

- EP 2 889 853 A method for optimizing running performance for an individual
- Claims a method for optimizing running performance for an individual, the method comprising..
- No disclosure of "optimal movement pattern"
- "Artificial intelligence" -> not specific enough





Al as Inventor or Creator



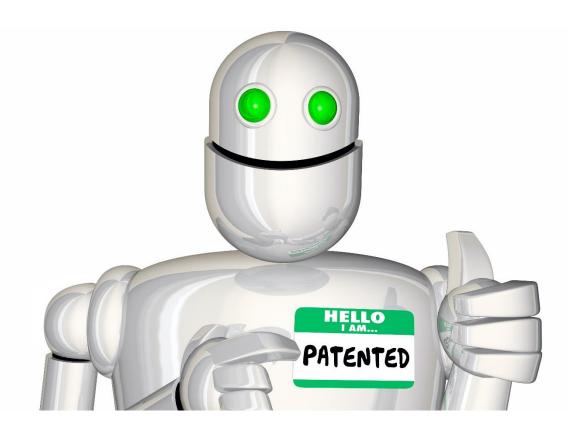
EPO US UK: No South Africa: Yes

Germany: No – but include in description



US Copyright Office: Creator must be a human being

"...the inventor designated in a European patent must be a natural person ... the understanding of the term inventor as referring to a natural person appears to be an internationally applicable standard, and that various national courts have issued decisions to this effect."





ChatGPT (Generative AI)

IP and other legal issues from massive language models



Uses copyrighted information + non-copyrighted data



Produces useful and useless information



Liability?



Many unanswered questions



Picture source: Istock.com



Contact

